Fifth Annual Performance Report

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The City of Idaho Falls has completed its fifth year of Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) projects. This is the fifth year under the Five Year Strategic Plan for the CDBG program. The City's <u>Five Year Strategic Plan for Housing and Community Development</u> presents a profile of identified community development needs and priorities.

An Annual Action Plan adopted each year detail programs and/or projects which the City expects to assist to carry out those priorities.

The Priorities of the Five Year Strategic Plan are in **Bold** with the completed FY08 projects that help fulfill that goal are in *Italic*:

Community Development Priority

Support neighborhood revitalization activities that promote public health, safety and welfare.

- 7 Neighborhood Cleanups completed in LMI neighborhoods
- 9 Graffiti Cleanups completed by Citizens Watch Patrol for LMI homeowners
- Eighteen LMI families assisted with new sidewalks
- Library RR pedestrian crossing for handicapped accessibility ready for construction

Economic Development Priority

Improve economic conditions throughout the community, principally for Low to Moderate Income (LMI) persons.

- Downtown Façade Program completed 4 projects

Housing Development Priority

Encourage the development of affordable single-, multi-family, and special needs housing in the community through private developers and non-profits.

- 5 Housing Rehab projects completed by EICAP for LMI homeowners
- 6 Homes made ADA accessible by LIFE, Inc.

Public Service Priority

Encourage social service providers, faith-based groups, private businesses, school districts, non-profit agencies and community leaders to work together to comprehensively meet the needs of families in poverty.

- 33 families assisted to prevent homelessness
- 3 fully accessible Buses purchased by TRPTA
- Addiction Rehab Center electrical system brought up to code

Besides improving the community and providing improved services to the residents of Idaho Falls; nine activities benefit persons of low and moderate incomes and one prevents or eliminates conditions of slum and blight. The last three projects fulfill the city's 504/ADA/Fair Housing responsibilities.

Back Ground:

With the 2000 Census results, the City of Idaho Falls became eligible to become an Entitlement City under the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program. That eligibility became a reality in 2004 as HUD invited the city to submit a Consolidated Plan for the first five years of Entitlement status. This Plan details the needs of the low and moderate income persons in the community backed up with statistics. The city contracted with Community Connections to research and write the Plan. Along with the Five Year Strategic Plan (Consolidated Plan) a first year (FYO4) Action Plan was required. After much discussion and the public hearings both Plans were adopted by City Council and subsequently approved by HUD in the Fall of 2004. The city then advertised and in February 2005 hired a Grant Administrator to implement the Plans and fulfill the HUD requirements.

The first six months of the new program were spent developing and adopting the Five Year Plan Strategic Plan. The second six months were spent setting up the city's program, setting up the files, initializing the IDIS computer financial and reporting system, determining how to synchronize the city's financial system with the HUD requirements and the differing budget years, developing sub-contracts, establishing contacts with other organizations and implementing the six projects contained in the Action Plan.

The spring and early summer of 2005 included drafting and adopting the Second Annual Action Plan. In August 2005 the city received the second year of funding. The second year projects were a continuation of the projects started with FY04 funding.

Because of the awkward timing of the funding year and the construction season, the City of Idaho Falls requested to change the Program Year start date to April 1st. Therefore FY05 program year was only eight months in duration. Projects started in 2005 continued and wrapped up in the winter months.

The first, second, third and fourth Annual Reports (FY04 CAPER, FY05 CAPER, FY06 CAPER, FY07 CAPER) were completed and accepted by HUD.

The Fifth Annual Action Plan was developed and adopted by City Council and accepted by HUD. City council has continued to expand the selection of new projects to include physical improvements to social service facilities.

Assessment of Meeting the Goals and Objectives of the Five Year Plan: The city's CDBG program is well underway and successful in its implementation. The program has demonstrated results and is creating the anticipated benefits for LMI residents and the community. The projects selected by City Council are addressing the high priority needs identified in the city's Five Year Strategic Plan. As these needs are met, progress is made towards improving the sustainable living environment, expanding economic opportunities, and providing decent housing. These national goals are reflected in the city's CDBG planning and project design. The projects are also incorporated into the new Performance Standards. A chart has been incorporated into this report demonstrating the relationships between the three layers of planning requirements:

- a) goals and objective of the Five Year Plan and Annual Action Plans,
- b) the National Objectives and Eligible Activities required by Title I for projects,
- c) the National Performance Measures.

The one negative barrier to implementation was the annual schedule. The city requested and was approved for an April 1st start date for FY06. This start date will provide the best junction of timing for planning, implementation and expenditures with the construction seasons.

In the years of the program, only three "change, adjustment or improvement" in activities have been proposed.

A low income trailer park was being closed and residents were forced to find another place to live. Upon request of the Community Action Partnership and the Idaho Department of Health and Welfare, City Council added a new activity to the FY06 program to assist residents with relocation expenses. Funding was transferred from the Housing rehab program to fund this new activity.

The FY07 Family Justice Center project could not find suitable property to acquire so City Council reprogrammed the funding to assist FY08 projects.

The Development Workshop project was amended and reduced. The State of Idaho could not establish a price for property that was to be purchased. Some of the funding was used to buy a new bus for the students and the balance was committed to additional housing rehab.

As the program matures, new projects have emerged from the planning and citizen participation processes for FY06 and FY07. An example of this is the funding of the Housing Rehab Program in FY06 and funding ADA improvements to homes of individuals with disabilities.

The FY04 plan year began August 1^{st} 2004 and ended July 31^{st} 2005. The FY05 plan year began August 1^{st} , and ended March 31^{st} 2006. The FY06 plan year began April 1^{st} 2006 and ended March 31^{st} 2007. The FY07 plan year began April 1^{st} 2007 and ended March 31 2008. The FY08 plan year began April 1^{st} 2008 and ended March 31^{st} 2009.

This report covers the activities accomplished during this last time period.

Each project selected by City Council for grant funding must carry out the City's objectives in the Five Year Strategic Plan, meet a Federal National Objective and/or carry out other grant requirements. This table demonstrates how those objectives have been met.

Accomplishment	National Objective	Strategic Plan	Other Priorities
Accompnishment	Mational Objective	Objective	Met
5 Housing Rehab projects	Direct benefit to	Housing	Witt
completed by EICAP	LMI Homeowners	Development and	
Compressed by Ever ii	Livii iiomeowneis	Improvement	
6 Homes made ADA	Direct benefit to	Housing	Americans with
accessible by LIFE, Inc.	LMI Homeowners	Development and	Disabilities Act
,		Improvement	
7 Neighborhood Cleanups	Benefit to LMI	Community	Neighborhood
completed	neighborhoods	Development	improvement
	O	•	•
12 Graffiti Cleanups by	Benefit to LMI	Community	Neighborhood
Citizens Watch Patrol	neighborhoods	Development	improvement
Addiction Rehabilitation	Benefit to persons	Community	
Association electrical system	with disabilities	Development	
brought up to code			
33 families assisted to	Benefit to LMI	Public Service	Prevention of
prevent homelessness	families		Homelessness
Eighteen families assisted	D C4 4. I MI	C	Natabbaakaad
with new sidewalks	Benefit to LMI families	Community	Neighborhood
with new sidewaiks	rannies	Development	improvement
Downtown Façade Program	Eliminate	Economic	Neighborhood
completed 4 projects	conditions of slum	Development	improvement
	and blight	20,010 p 0	p
3 fully accessible Buses	Benefit to persons	Community	Americans with
purchased by TRPTA	with disabilities	Development	Disabilities Act
		•	
Library RR pedestrian	Benefit to persons	Community	Americans with
crossing ready for	with disabilities	Development	Disabilities Act
construction			
2 fair housing workshops	Compliance with	Housing	Affirmatively
held.	grant	Development	Further Fair
	Certifications		Housing.

Summary of RESOURCES

The City has now received five annual CDBG allocations from HUD.

\$491,000	FY04 CDBG Annual Entitlement
\$465,540	FY05 CDBG Annual Entitlement
\$418,940	FY06 CDBG Annual Entitlement
\$417,257	FY07 CDBG Annual Entitlement
\$402,199	FY08 CDBG Annual Entitlement
0	Carryover Funds
0	Unallocated Funds
0	Program Income
\$2,194,936	Total Funds Allocated

There are no other funds received from HUD. The City has not set up any loan programs nor expects any recovery of grant funds that would create program income. The city has not used the Section 108 program.

Most of funding benefits Low and Moderate Income (LMI) persons. The three Census Tracts: 9707, 9711 and 9712, have a majority of LMI persons. These older neighborhoods are the target area for the use of CDBG funding. Even those city wide programs i.e. bus service or homeless prevention benefit the residents of these neighborhood more than the upscale residents by virtue of the LMI reliance on these programs.

Expenditure rates for each year.

Four Year Total	\$2,194,939	Expended	Balance
FY04	491,000	100 %	0.00
FY05	465,540	100 %	0.00
FY06	418,940	95.2 %	20,354.00
FY07	417,257	58.0%	174,856.00
FY08	402,199	25.2%	100,000.00
			295,210.00

19.5% allocated to grant administration \$ 427,791 (20% allowed)

80.5% allocated on projects \$1,767,148

86.1% of project funding allocated to LMI projects – 70% required

13.9% of project funding allocated to Slum and Blight projects –30% allowed

Assessment of the Five Year Goals and Objectives.

The following Chart demonstrates how the FY08 funding was allocated to the Five Year Strategies.

Community Development Priority	\$103,780
Economic Development Priority	\$ 75,000
Housing Development Priority	\$ 80,000
Public Service Priority	\$40,000

The City continues to meet its goals and objectives of the Five Year Plan.

Geographic Distribution The following map locates the three census tracts, 9707 9711 and 9712, that have a majority of LMI persons. Only three projects have a geographic location: 10th Street sidewalks, Library RR crossing and the Addictive Rehab Center. The other projects are not location specific but serve income qualified persons city wide. However, many of these persons will be living in the LMI census tracts.

The fifth **Annual Action Plan** (developed during the period covered by this report) represents the FY08 Entitlement allocation of CDBG funds in the amount of \$402,224 to be received in May 2008. The table below represents the planned projects for these funds.

FY08 CDBG Projects With official allocation amount

As approved by city council 1-24-08 Work session

Applicant	Project	\$	National Objective
		approved	benefit
LIFE Inc.	handicapped access	\$30,000	Five LMI homeowners
	for LMI homeowners		
EICAP	housing Rehab for	\$50,000	10 LMI homeowners
	LMI homeowners		
City/ Bike-Ped	Sidewalk	\$53,780	30-50 LMI
	Replacement grants		homeowners
	½ to 2/3 mile		
City/ IFDDC	Downtown	\$75,000	Slum and Blight
	renovations		prevention
EICAP	Grandparents raising	\$5,000	LMI Public Service
	grandchildren Legal		
	assistance		
EICAP	Haven Shelter	\$18,000	LMI Homeless
	repaving courtyard		
EICAP	Near Homelessness	\$10,000	60 LMI families
	assistance payments		Public Service
	to keep families in		
	their homes		
Library RR	Handicapped access	\$30,000	LMI Disabled persons
Crossing			
City Code	Neighborhood	\$20,000	LMI neighborhoods
Enforcement	Cleanup		
TRPTA	Purchase bus for	\$20,000	Buses for LMI
	disability routes.		Disabled persons
Addiction Rehab	Rewire Breaker box	\$10,000	LMI Persons
Administration		\$80,444	
Total approved		\$402,224	

The **2004 Annual Action Plan** represents the initial Entitlement allocation of CDBG funds in the amount of \$491,000. Those FY04 activities funded are:

Project	Allocated	Amended	Balance	%	
(status 4/1/08)	Imounca	1 IIII CII GCG	Bulance	remaining	
Highland Park Street Improvements	\$300,000	300,003.10	0		3.10 from EITC
Code Enforcement Activities	\$ 13,000	0	0		
Bel Aire Park Improvements	\$ 20,000	18000.04	0		1,999.92 to parking lot
Eastern Ave Downtown Parking Lot	\$ 30,000	34,299	0		
Eastern Idaho Technical College	\$ 15,000	14,996.9	0		
Targhee Reg. Public Transit Authority	\$ 15,000	0	0		
CDBG Administration/ Fair Housing	\$ 62,350	61,498.29	0		851.71 to Parking lot
5 Year Plan Consultant	\$25,650	0	0		
IFDDC Planning Activities	\$ 10,000	0	0		
TOTAL	\$491,000		0		

The **2005 Annual Action Plan** represents the second Entitlement allocation of CDBG funds in the amount of \$465,543. Those FY05 activities funded are:

Γ=					1
Projects	Allocated	Amended	Balance	%	
(status 4/1/08)				remaining	
Highland Park	\$300,000	305,000	0	0	5,000 from
Street					Park
Improvements					
Code Enforcement	\$ 13,000	0	0	0	
Activities	ŕ				
Eagle Rock Park	\$ 29,435	24,435	0	0	
8	, ,	,			
Eastern Idaho	\$ 15,000	\$14,413.27	0	0	
Technical College	,	,			
Targhee Reg.	\$ 15,000	15,586.73	0	0	586.73 from
Public Transit	ŕ	ŕ			EITC
Authority					
Fair Housing	1,000	0	0	0	0
	,				
CDBG	\$ 82,108	0	0	0	
Administration/Fair	,	_			
Housing					
IFDDC Planning	\$10,000	0	0	0	
	+ + 0,000		_		
TOTAL	\$465,543		0	0	100%
	,-				expended
				1	22penaea

The **2006 Annual Action Plan** represents the third Entitlement allocation of CDBG funds in the amount of \$418,940. Those FY06 activities funded are:

Projects Description	Award	Amended	Balance	% remaining	
(status 4/1/08)		7 Hillehaea	Burance	70 Temaming	
Downtown Facade	\$100,500	0	13,497	13.4%	All funds committed
loan/grant program	Ψ100,500		13,477	13.470	7 m runus committed
loan/grant program					
Highland Park Paving	\$80,000	\$73,205.9	0	0	Balance moved to
(cost overruns)		2			housing rehab
Neighborhood	\$13,000	0	0	0	
cleanup	. ,				
The state of the s					
guoffiti nomaval	\$5,000	0	2 675	53.5%	Under contract
graffiti removal	\$5,000	0	2,675	33.3%	Under contract
program					
Special riders' pickup	\$15,000	0	0	0	
-TRPTA					
Purchase lot for	\$25,000	0	\$4,182.34	16.7%	Balance obligated
Habitat home	Ψ23,000		φτ,102.3τ	10.770	for hookups
					тот поокцрз
	* 4 5 5 7 3	72 170 11	2		
Housing	\$46,652	53,450.14	0		Add'l funds from
Rehabilitation					Paving and Uptown
program EICAP					
Uptown Trailer Park	\$50,000	0	0	0	New project added
Relocation Assistance					using housing rehab
					funding
Grant Administration	\$92.700	0	0	0	
	\$83,788	0	0	U	
& Fair Housing					
Total	\$418,940		\$20,354	5.8%	

The **2007 Annual Action Plan** represents the fourth Entitlement allocation of CDBG funds in the amount of **\$417,257**. Those FY07 activities funded are:

Projects (status 4/1/07)	Allocated	Amended	Balance	% remaining
Family Justice Center	0		0	Project cancelled
IFDDC Facades	100,142		56,000	55.9%
City of Refuge	6,000		0	0
TRPTA	20,000		0	0
Code Enforcement	17,000		3,557	20.9%
Shepherd's Inn	6,000		0	0
Development Workshop	13,407		0	Project amended
Life, Inc.	57,664	Project expanded	13,800	23.9%
Senior Center	10,219		10,291	100%
YMCA Sidewalk	17,162	Match to CDBG-R	0	Project added
CLUB, Inc Crisis Intervention	36 588	Match to CDBG-R	4,905	13.4% Project added
Grant Admin	83,451		0	0
Total	417,257		88,553	21.2%

The 2008 Annual Action Plan represents the fifth Entitlement allocation of CDBG funds in the amount of \$402,199. Those FY08 activities funded are:

Allocated	Amended	Balance	% remaining
10,000		0	0%
75,000		50,000	66%
53,755		0	0%
20,000		333.19	1.6%
20,000		10,258.84	51%
18,000		18,000	100%
50,000		15,930	31.6%
5,000		0	0%
10,000		0	0%
30,000		0	0%
30,000		60.00	0%
80,444		4,045.31	5%
\$402,199		\$97,931	24.3%
	10,000 75,000 53,755 20,000 20,000 18,000 50,000 5,000 10,000 30,000 30,000 80,444	10,000 75,000 53,755 20,000 20,000 18,000 50,000 5,000 10,000 30,000 30,000 80,444	10,000 0 75,000 50,000 53,755 0 20,000 333.19 20,000 10,258.84 18,000 18,000 50,000 15,930 5,000 0 30,000 0 30,000 60.00 80,444 4,045.31

The City received Stimulus funding in the Winter of 08-09 and City Council acted upon the additional funding to fund additional project requests as part of the 2009 project deliberations.

CDBG-R				
Projects	Allocation	Balance	% remaining	
Administration	10,923	10,923	100%	
Community	34,852	34,852	100%	
Council				
YMCA	47,074	47,074	100%	
sidewalks				
CLUB Crisis	16,386	16,386	100%	
Intervention				
Total	109,234	109,234	100%	

Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing

ACCOMPLISHMENTS: The Grant Administrator is the city's representative to the HUD working group on fair housing created and chaired by the Boise HUD Area Office staff. This group discusses the issues and concerns across the state.

The Mayor of Idaho Falls issued the annual Fair Housing Proclamation for Fair Housing Month in 2005, 2006, 2007and 2008. The Proclamation is published in the local paper as a display ad in the real estate section. Staff members of Idaho Housing and Finance Association and Fair Housing Committee members of the Idaho Falls Realtor Association and officers of the Realtors Association attend the Mayor's signing of the Proclamation each year.

The lack of fair housing education is an impediment to furthering fair housing. The city's Analysis of Impediments acknowledges this. To reach the most people with fair housing information a mail campaign was developed. The HUD booklet on fair housing was reformatted into a tri-fold flyer and 30,000 printed.

Twenty-three thousand of those Fair Housing flyers were included in the January 2006 city utility billing envelopes delivering a fair housing information piece to nearly every household in the city. This information piece, based upon HUD's Fair Housing booklet, will directly reach the person in each household most interested in housing – the bill payer. Flyers were also placed in the information rack in the city's utility office.

The city's Building Official spoke to the June 2005 meeting of the Affordable Housing Task Force about the International Building Code provisions for ADA requirements. This was to help address the Task Force member's concerns that new rental units were not being built to the accessibility requirements.

The CDBG Administrator and the Chairman of the Idaho Falls Realtor Association attended the April 2006 and 2007 Fair Housing Conferences in Boise. The City and the Idaho Falls Realtors Associations were among the financial sponsors of the 2007 Fair Housing Conference in Pocatello and the 2008 Fair Housing Conference in Nampa.

The City also sponsored a page in the 2009 Fair Housing Calendar which was an effort of the Statewide Fair Housing Forum. The calendars were distributed at fair housing meetings and at the contractors desk in City offices.

The Forum also sponsored the Bearing Point Fair Housing Workshop to be held in July 2009. The city volunteered to host the workshop and make the meeting arrangements.

The city also hosted the Intermountain Fair Housing Council workshop for property managers in April 2009.

The CDBG manger has been appointed the City's ADA Coordinator and the Transportation Department Title VI coordinator. Title VI is similar to HUD's 504 requirements. These three requirements blend with the Fair Housing responsibilities. The manager's library now contains the 504 and ADA manuals and literature. Developers and contractors are beginning to call and clarify fair Housing construction requirements.

Summary of Impediments: The lack of knowledge about the Fair Housing requirements is still the major impediment. Comments from the social service agencies demonstrate that service animals are the biggest concern and complaint. The next concern is the ADA requirements. However the number of official complaints is low. The target of these concerns and complaints are the tenant/landlord relationship. This is why the two planned workshops are targeted to property managers.

Affordable Housing The two project/programs that the city funds; ADA improvements and housing rehab, carryout the city strategy for affordable housing.

There are a number of affordable housing projects, some financed with HOME or Tax Credits. The community appears to have an adequate supply of rental housing. However, the recession has increased the demand for rental housing. It has also increased the demand for Section 8 assistance.

The city's priority is to improve the existing housing of LMI homeowners. EICAP's weatherization programs and the city's energy efficiency programs are a good match for the housing rehab projects. LIFE is the regional agency for disability assistance. By funding their ADA rehab efforts they are able to expand their assistance for ramps and bathroom retrofits.

Other Actions

Underserved needs

EICAP and CLUB, Inc. are two organizations that are well connected thru out the community of service providers to homeless and special populations. EICAP is working to expand their women's shelter as the need is rising. The Family Care Center has expanded their shelter facilities to include a women's shelter.

Affordable housing

Accessible housing LIFE, Inc. manages the accessibility programs in the city. The provide adaptive counseling as well as physical accessibility retrofits.

Gaps in institutional structure

Public housing

Lead based paint hazards: There is very little rehab funding available from any source so Lead Based paint remediation with federal funding occurs only occasionally. If it does, one of the social service agencies that also provide affordable housing undertakes the remediation. They have lead paint trained staff Those agencies in affordable housing are well aware of the LBP testing and remediation requirements.

The CDBG program has the EPA remediation literature and places it on the contractor permit counter.

Compliance with program requirements: The CDBG program has been monitored by HUP CPD staff and found to be incompliance. The city is in compliance with Section 3 requirements. The city has met its Timeliness goals of every year.

Reduce poverty: With only \$400,000 in CDBG funding, it is difficult to provide direct assistance for the reduction of poverty. However, the CDBG program has funded job training, homeless prevention, homeless shelters and Rehab counseling. These programs all work to assist people improve their lives and incomes.

Citizen Comment: The city is following its Citizen Participation Plan. This report was available to interested non-profits and agencies. It was posted on the Departments Web site. A presentation was made to the City Council in a Work Session and again at the public hearing. The formal public hearing was held December XX 2009 and oral and written comment were solicited. No comments were received to be considered.

Self-Evaluation

ACCOMPLISHMENTS: Monitoring is an ongoing process. Environmental reviews and Clearances have been completed for every project. The parking lot and Highland Park construction had been completed and the contractor payrolls have been reviewed for correct payments to employees on the job. The College, EICAP and the Regional Transportation Authority are experienced with federal funding requirements so they are low risk sub recipients.

The City of Idaho Falls, CDBG program is off to a good solid start. As the administration details are set in place the ability of the program to partner and connect with other funding and agencies will only expand.

<u>Future Changes:</u> As the City's CDBG program matures and the initial needs are met, the city has provided more funding for blight removal in the historic downtown, more ADA improvements to city facilities, and more housing preservation or rehab activities. The Uptown Trailer park is a "voluntary" relocation activity in that the city did not initiate or force the closure of the trailer park.

<u>Relocation:</u> There were no activities planned or funded that required relocation. This was a deliberate strategy to avoid disruption of lives or businesses and to conserve the limited CDBG funds.

<u>Other Projects:</u> There have been two requests for Certificates of Consistency from two assisted housing projects.

<u>Matching and Leveraging</u>: No other funding resources were planned to be used in this first year. However, the funds awarded to the regional public transportation will be used to match additional federal transportation funding at a 83/17 ratio. Also the Downtown Development Corporation matched the planning grant with \$10,000 of its funds as well as seeking additional foundation grants. The City has contributed over\$125,000 in-kind contributions of Engineering staff and Park and Recreation staff to design and oversee the parking lot, Highland Park street paving and the Bel Aire and South Capital park projects, and the Library rail crossing project.

Although not directly related to the CDBG funds, non-profits in the community do receive other HUD funding for housing and homeless programs. A HOME and SHP funded project just opened its doors to provide permanent housing for the chronic homeless. The City of Refuge men's homeless shelter receives ESG funding.

Additional Fund Accounting: In these four years the projects are straight forward funding. It was not planned to use revolving loans as a mechanism to carry out the goals and projects. There was no program income earned from the use of the FY04, FY05, FY06, FY07 or FY08 funding. There were no prior year adjustments to be included in the fund accounting. There are no loan receivables to be accounted for. There were no lump sum disbursements to be tracked. There are no housing rehab loan accounts.

Time Table

ACCOMPLISHMENTS: All projects are under way in some form. All sub recipient project managers are anxious to implement their projects. There are none lagging due to insurmountable challenges that might warrant recovery of the funds for other projects. Two projects have been terminated or seriously modified due to delays.

Some of the early startup delays were due to the newness of the entitlement program and the need to develop the grant processes. Other delay is the changing need within a project which takes additional time to discuss and accommodate into the plan.

SLIDE SHOW newest years to the oldest

2008 projects



Figure 1 Rogers Hotel Façade Project. The original leaded glass transoms were rebuilt and installed.



ARTI building before and after



Figure 2 Neighborhood cleanup program reduces visible trash in yards. Dumpster can be used by income qualidied homeowners for cleanup.



Figure 3 ARA electrical system updated.



Figure 4 ADA ramp installed by LIFE, Inc.



Figure 5 housing rehab before and after



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Figure 6 Library RR Crossing before and after

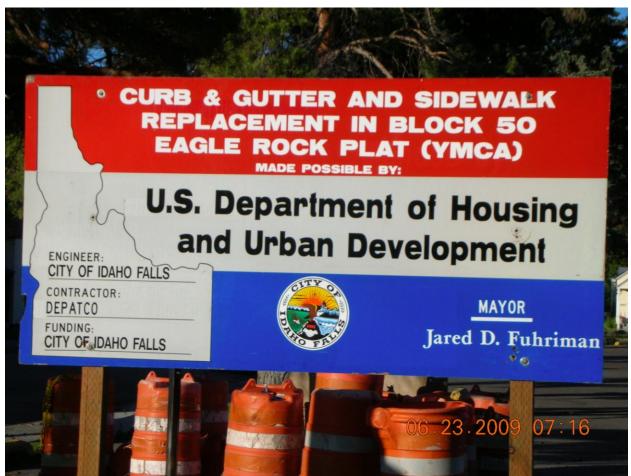


Figure 7 YMCA Sidewalk Project Sign

Earlier year projects as summary of five years of Idaho Falls CDBG program.



Shelly Street in April 2005. Looking North. Note the lack of curb, gutter, sidewalks, or drainage.



Shelly Street paved (looking north)



Neighborhood cleanup 30 yard dumpster.

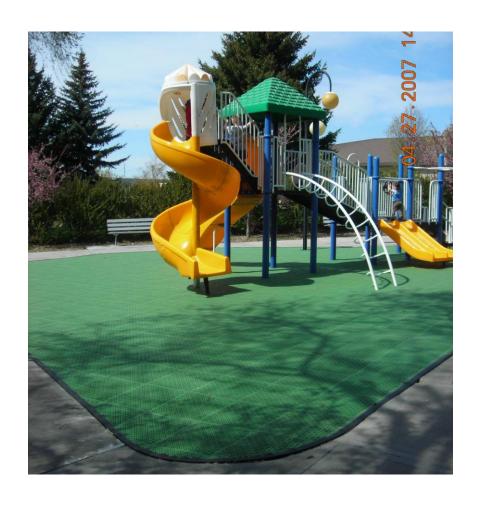


The Bel Aire playground before installation of new ground cover.



Kids at play on the new surface.





Eagle Rock Playground before and After

Eastern Avenue Parking lot in mid-project.



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The parking lot in mid project. Note the dirt lot in the back ground. It is what this site originally looked like. Downtown Idaho Falls is to the left.



New Home occupied winter of 2006-07





Eastern Idaho Community Action Partnership (EICAP) with assistance from the City and the Idaho Department of Health and Welfare used CDBG funding to pay the costs of securing housing and moving costs for the displaced residents of the Uptown Trailer Park. The owners of the Park are closing the park for future commercial development. (This is not a governmental action so the requirements of The Uniform Relocation Act do not apply.) 70 families living in the trailer park have been affected, a majority of which need assistance.







The units are all of pre-1976 manufacture, making them almost impossible to move or relocate without substantial cost to upgrade and move.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS: An Urban Design study has been completed by a consulting firm specializing in Mainstreet design.



Before and After pictures of Façade improvements







The City of Refuge Kitchen was improved to health standards.